

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff

v.

[52] RICARDO MOJICA-CASTRO,

Defendant

CRIMINAL 07-0488 (ADC)

MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION  
RE: RULE 11(c)(1)(A) & (B) PROCEEDINGS (PLEA OF GUILTY)

I. Personal Background

On November 14, 2007, Ricardo Mojica-Castro, the defendant herein, was charged in a twelve-count indictment. He agrees to plead guilty to count one of the indictment.

Count one charges that the defendant did knowingly and intentionally combine, conspire and agree with codefendants and other persons known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to commit offenses against the United States, that is, to possess with intent to distribute one kilogram of heroin, a Schedule I, Narcotic Drug Controlled Substance; 50 grams or more of cocaine base (hereinafter referred to as "crack"), a Schedule II, Narcotic Drug Controlled Substance; five kilograms or more of cocaine, a Schedule II, Narcotic Drug Controlled Substance; five kilograms or more of cocaine, a Schedule II, Narcotic Drug Controlled Substance, detectable amounts of marihuana, a Schedule I, Controlled Substance, within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a housing facility owned by a public housing authority, that is, Nuestra Señora de Covadonga Public Housing Project; or of a public school, that is, the Headstart Program located within Nuestra Señora de Covadonga Public

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3 Housing Project, all in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 846, 841(a)(1), (b)(1)(C), (b)(2)  
4 and 860.

5 II. Consent to Proceed Before a Magistrate Judge

6 On January 12, 2009, while assisted by Anita Hill-Adames, Esq., the  
7 defendant, by consent, appeared before me in order to change his previous not guilty  
8 plea to a plea of guilty as to count one of the indictment.

9 In open court the defendant was questioned as to the purpose of the hearing  
10 being held. The defendant responded that the purpose of the hearing was to plead  
11 guilty. The defendant was advised of his right to have all proceedings, including the  
12 change of plea hearing, before a United States district judge. Defendant was given  
13 notice of: (a) the nature and purpose of the hearing; (b) the fact that all inquiries  
14 were to be conducted under oath and that it was expected that his answers would  
15 be truthful (he was also explained that the consequences of lying under oath could  
16 lead to a perjury charge); and (c) his right to have the change of plea proceedings  
17 presided over by a district judge instead of a magistrate judge. The defendant was  
18 also explained the differences between the appointment and functions of the two.  
19 The defendant consent to proceed before this magistrate judge.

20 III. Proceedings Under Rule 11, Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure

21 A. Compliance With Requirements Rule 11(c)(1)

22 Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure governs the  
23 acceptance of guilty pleas to federal criminal violations. Pursuant to  
24 Rule 11, in order for a plea of guilty to constitute a valid waiver of the  
25 defendant's right to trial, guilty pleas must be knowing and voluntary:  
26 "Rule 11 was intended to ensure that a defendant who pleads guilty  
27 does so with an 'understanding of the nature of the charge and  
28 consequences of his plea.'" United States v. Cotal-Crespo, 47 F.3d 1, 4  
(1<sup>st</sup> Cir. 1995) (quoting McCarthy v. United States, 394 U.S. 459, 467  
(1969)). [There are three core concerns in these proceedings]: 1)  
absence of coercion; 2) understanding of the charges; and 3) knowledge  
of the consequences of the guilty plea. United States v. Cotal-Crespo, 47

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3 F.3d at 4 (citing United States v. Allard, 926 F.2d 1237, 1244-45 (1<sup>st</sup>  
4 Cir. 1991)).

5 United States v. Hernández-Wilson, 186 F.3d 1, 5 (1<sup>st</sup> Cir. 1999).

6 The penalty for the offense charged in count one of the indictment are a term  
7 of imprisonment of not less than 10 years and up to life imprisonment; and a fine  
8 not to exceed \$4,000,000, and a term of supervised release of at least 10 years, all  
9 pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(b)(1)(A) and 860.

10 In response to further questioning, defendant was explained and he  
11 understood that if convicted on count one, based on the stipulated and agreed  
12 amount of narcotics possessed by the defendant, that is, 400 grams but less than  
13 500 grams of cocaine, he may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more  
14 than 40 years, a fine not to exceed \$2,000,000, and a term of supervised release of  
15 at least six years, all pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(b)(1)(B) and 860..

16 Defendant shall pay a special monetary assessment of \$100, per offense of  
17 conviction, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3013.

18 The defendant is aware the court may order him to pay a fine sufficient to  
19 reimburse the government for the costs of any imprisonment, probation or  
20 supervised release ordered and also the court may impose restitution. Defendant  
21 further agrees to provide financial statements as requested by the United States.

22 Defendant was advised that the ultimate sentence was a matter solely for the  
23 court to decide in its discretion and that, even if the maximum imprisonment term  
24 and fine were to be imposed upon him, he later could not withdraw his guilty plea  
25 if he was unhappy with the sentence of the court. The defendant understood this.

26 Defendant was explained what the supervised release term means. It was  
27 emphasized that cooperation with the United States Probation officer would assist  
28 the court in reaching a fair sentence.

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3 Emphasis was made on the fact that at this stage, no prediction or promises  
4 as to the sentence to be imposed could be made by anyone. Defendant responded to  
5 questions in that no promises, threats, inducements or predictions as to what  
6 sentence will be imposed have been made to him.

7 B. Admonishment of Constitutional Rights

8 To assure defendant's understanding and awareness of his rights, defendant  
9 was advised of his right:

10 1. To remain silent at trial and be presumed innocent, since it is the  
11 government who has the burden of proving his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.

12 2. To testify or not to testify at trial, and that no comment could be made by  
13 the prosecution in relation to his decision not to testify.

14 3. To a speedy trial before a district judge and a jury, at which he would be  
15 entitled to see and cross examine the government witnesses, present evidence on his  
16 behalf, and challenge the government's evidence.

17 4. To have a unanimous verdict rendered by a jury of twelve persons which  
18 would have to be convinced of defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt by means  
19 of competent evidence.

20 5. To use the subpoena power of the court to compel the attendance of  
21 witnesses.

22 Upon listening to the defendant's responses, observing his demeanor and his  
23 speaking with his attorney, that to the best of counsel's belief defendant had fully  
24 understood his rights, it is determined that defendant is aware of his constitutional  
25 rights.

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### C. Consequences of Pleading Guilty

Upon advising defendant of his constitutional rights, he was further advised of the consequences of pleading guilty. Specifically, defendant was advised that by pleading guilty and upon having his guilty plea accepted by the court, he will be giving up the above rights and would be convicted solely on his statement that he is guilty.

Furthermore, the defendant was admonished of the fact that by pleading guilty he would not be allowed later on to withdraw his plea because he eventually might disagree with the sentence imposed, and that when he were under supervised release, and upon violating the conditions of such release, that privilege could be revoked and he could be required to serve an additional term of imprisonment. He was also explained that parole has been abolished.

### D. Plea Agreement

The parties have entered into a written plea agreement that, upon being signed by the government, defense attorney and defendant, was filed and made part of the record. The defendant is fully aware that this is a package plea agreement, that is, a plea agreement conditioned upon the guilty plea of co-defendants No. 51 and No. 53. Should either of the co-defendants withdraw from their respective agreements prior to acceptance, the United States reserves the right to withdraw from this agreement. Defendant was clearly warned and recognized having understood that:

1. The plea agreement is not binding upon the sentencing court.
2. The plea agreement is an "agreement" between the defendant, defense attorney and the attorney for the government which is presented as a

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3 recommendation to the court in regards to the applicable sentencing adjustments  
4 and guidelines, which are advisory.

5       3. The agreement provides a sentencing recommendation and/or anticipated  
6 sentencing guideline computation, that can be either accepted or rejected by the  
7 sentencing court.

8       4. In spite of the plea agreement and any sentencing recommendation  
9 contained therein, the sentencing court retains full discretion to reject such plea  
10 agreement and impose any sentence up to the possible maximum penalty prescribed  
11 by statute.

12       5. The defendant understands that if the court accepts this agreement and  
13 sentences defendant according to its terms and conditions, defendant waives and  
14 surrenders his right to appeal the conviction and sentence in this case.

15       E. Government's Evidence (Basis in Fact)

16       The government presented a proffer of its evidence with which the defendant  
17 basically concurred.

18       Accordingly, it is determined that there is a basis in fact and evidence to  
19 establish all elements of the offense charged.

20       F. Voluntariness

21       The defendant accepted that no leniency had been promised, no threats had  
22 been made to induce him to plead guilty and that he did not feel pressured to plead  
23 guilty. He came to the hearing for the purpose of pleading guilty and listened  
24 attentively as the prosecutor outlined the facts which it would prove if the case had  
25 proceeded to trial.  
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3 IV. Conclusion

4 The defendant, by consent, has appeared before me pursuant to Rule 11,  
5 Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, and has entered a plea of guilty as to count one  
6 of the indictment.

7 After cautioning and examining the defendant under oath and in open court,  
8 concerning each of the subject matters mentioned in Rule 11, as described in the  
9 preceding sections, I find that the defendant Ricardo Mojica-Castro, is competent to  
10 enter this guilty plea, is aware of the nature of the offense charged and the  
11 maximum statutory penalties that the same carries, understands that the charge is  
12 supported by the government's evidence, has admitted to every element of the  
13 offense charged, and has done so in an intelligent and voluntary manner with full  
14 knowledge of the consequences of his guilty plea.

15 Therefore, I recommend that the court accept the guilty plea of the defendant  
16 and that the defendant be adjudged guilty as to count one of the indictment. At  
17 sentencing, the United States agrees to recommend a dismissal of the remaining  
18 counts against the defendant.

19 This report and recommendation is filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B)  
20 and Rule 72(d) of the Local Rules of Court. Any objections to the same must be  
21 specific and must be filed with the Clerk of Court within five (5) days of its receipt.  
22 Rule 510.1, Local Rules of Court; Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b). Failure to timely file specific  
23 objections to the report and recommendation is a waiver of the right to review by  
24 the district court. United States v. Valencia-Copete, 792 F.2d 4 (1<sup>st</sup> Cir. 1986).

25 At San Juan, Puerto Rico, this 14<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2009.

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27 S/ JUSTO ARENAS  
28 Chief United States Magistrate Judge